

The Holy Prophet

Hazrat Muhammad

Sallal laahu alaihi wa Aalihi wasallam.

IMPORTANT FACTS:-

Name: Muhammad s.a.w.w.)

Titles: Khatam un Nabiyyeen (*last of all prophets*)

Sayyed al Anbia'a (*leader of all prophets*)

Rehmatal lil Aalameen (*Blessing for all worlds*)

Date of birth: 17th Rabi ul awwal, 1 Aamul Feel (*year of the elephant*)

Place of birth: Mecca

Father: Hazrat Abdullah a.s.

Mother: Bibi Amena binte Wahab a.s.

Grandfather: Hazrat Abdul Muttalib

Brought up by: His uncle Hazrat Abu Talib a.s.

Tribe: Quraish

Family: Bani Hashim.

First Wife: Bibi Khadeeja tul Kubra s.a

Daughter: Bibi Fatima Zahra s.a.

Special gift from Allah s.w.t: Holy Qura'an

First revelation: (wahi): at age 40 , at the cave of Hira

Date of death: 28th Safar 11 Hijri by poisoning

Grave at: Masjid e Nabvi Madina

LIFE AND EVENTS

Allah swt sent 124000 prophets to the world to guide the mankind according to the teachings of Allah. The Holy prophet s a w w is the last of all prophets. Those days were the time of ignorance. People used to worship idols, women and girls had no respect , the people would bury their newborn daughters,

there was no honesty. Our Holy Prophet s a w w taught the people the right path, to be honest with each other, to respect the women and other human beings and to worship one God. He taught people through his own kindness and merciful nature and through his own truth and honesty. He was very well known for his honesty and truth. People would trust him and let him save their own wealth and would believe anything he would say. They would call him "**Sadiq**" meaning "true and truthful", and "**Ameen**" meaning "honest and trustworthy".

Holy Prophet s a w w used to go the cave of Mount Hira and spend time in prayers and worship of Allah . It was there that angel Jibrael a s came and brought the message of Allah in the form of Holy Quraan. That was the beginning of the revelation of " Wahi" . Hazrat Jibrael a s told the Holy Prophet to spread Islam and start preaching. He was 40 years old at that time, and it was then that he announced his " Nabooowwat", means prophethood. When he came back home he told all this to Bibi Khadeeja s a who showed her greatest support to him and helped him in his mission.

During his mission to spread Islam, there were a lot of people who were against him. They did not like to support him and tried to hurt and harm him . Among them was an old woman who used to throw trash and litter on him as Rasool Allah s a w w passed by her house. She used to do this every day for a long time. One day when he passed by that place nobody threw trash on him. Rasool Allah s a w w got concerned and asked people about the woman. He found out that the woman was very sick. Instead of being happy, the Holy Prophet got some food and went to the woman's house to inquire about her health. This made the woman ashamed of her bad deed and she got so impressed by the kind hearted Rasool Allah that she begged for forgiveness and also accepted Islam.

The Holy Prophet s a w w was very firm and strong in his mission. Despite of all the opposition and troubles he continued to work hard to spread the message of Allah. When conditions got tough in Mecca , Allah ordered him to migrate to Madina. (*migration means to leave one's own place and move to another city*) . The Holy Prophet did this migration in the 14th year of his preaching. He continued his work in Madina also.

During his efforts to spread Islam, Rasool Allah also had some battles with the " kuffaar" (the non muslims) . These battles are called "**Ghazwaat**" . Some important Ghazwaat are "**Badr**", "**Uhad**", "**Khandaq**", "**Khyber**" "**Tabook**" and "**Hunain**".

With the blessings of Allah and by the bravery and hard work of his good followers and specially Imam Ali a s , the Muslims got great success in these battles.

Another important event in the life of Holy Prophet s a w w is the event of “**Mubahila**”. Holy Prophet wrote letters to the leaders of other religions. The Christians of Najran came to visit the Holy Prophet and wanted a face to face argument. They were a big number of people, were rich and dressed in silk and ornaments. While on this side were only 5 people , the Holy Prophet and his family, (Imam Ali a.s., Bibi Fatima s a , Imam Hasan a s and Imam Husain a s) dressed very simply but full of grace and elegance. It was decided that the liars will be cursed. The opponents got fascinated by the grandeur of Ahlul Bait and their knowledge and had no answer to their arguments, that they accepted their defeat.

In the 10th year of Hijrat , the Holy Prophet s a w w decided to perform Hajj. This was his only and last Hajj. On the way back from hajj he stopped at the place of **Ghadeer e Khum** and announced the completion of his mission. He also announced Imam Ali a s as his successor to continue his mission after his death. He advised the people that he is leaving 2 precious things after him, the Quraan and his Ahlul Bait. If people followed him as their leader, they should also follow Imam Ali a s as their leader.

There were still a lot of his opponents and enemies and they continued to harm him. A few months after this the Holy Prophet s a w w was poisoned by his cruel enemies and passed away on the 28th of Safar 11 Hijri. He is buried in Madina in Masjid e Nabwi.

May Allah grant us the spirit to follow his teachings and keep us under his blessings.

